

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CALENDAR YEAR 2009 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

consum water s	deral Safe Drinking Water Act requires each <i>community</i> public water system to develop and distribute a ter confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public yestem, this CCR must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to tomers upon request.
Please .	Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report
	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	Advertisement in local paper On water bills Other
TO STATE OF THE ST	Date customers were informed:/
	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:
	Date Mailed/Distributed:/_/
	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication) Name of Newspaper: Smith County Reformer Date Published: 6/23//0
	Date Published: 6/23//0
	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)
	Date Posted: / /
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at www
CERTI	FICATION
and corthe Mis	y certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water in the form and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true rect and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by significant of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply. Letter Lett
	Muil Completed Form to Russay of Public Water Supply/P O. Boy 1700/Eccleson, MS 30215

601-576-8090 • 1-866-HLTHY4U www.HealthyMS.com

Equal Opportunity in Employment/Services

Thone: 601-576-7518

570 East Woodrow Wilson → Post Office Box 1700 → Jackson, MS 39215-1700

2009 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Traxler Water Association, Inc. PWS#: 0650012 June 2010

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We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Cockfield Formation Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Traxler Water Association, Inc. have received a lower to moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Rebecca Frith at 601.269.3620. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on second Monday of each month at 7:00 PM at the water office.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2009. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2009, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

				TEST RES	ULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure- ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic 8. Arsenic	Contami	nants	.5	No Range	ppb	n/a	50	Erosion of natural deposits; runc

									from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	2006*	2	No Range	ppm		2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
12. Cadmium	N	2006*	.219	No Range	ppb		5		5 Corrosion of galvanized pipes; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from metal refineries; runoff from waste batteries and paints
13. Chromium	N	2006*	1.6	No Range	ppb		100	10	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2008*	.3	0	ppm		1.3	AL=1	 .3 Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2008*	6	0	ppb		0	AL=1	15 Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	2006*	2.5	No Range	ppb		50	Ę	50 Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
Disinfection	n By-	Product	s						
81. HAA5	N	2009	20	No Range	ppb	0		60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2009	75	No Range	ppb	0			By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2009	1.9	.3 – 1.9	ppm	0	MDF		Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2009.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The Traxler Water Association, Inc. works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

PERSONAL PROPERTY

The Town of Taylorsville, Mississippi does hereby intend to sell individually and separately to the highest bidders the following described personal property, to-wit:

*One (1)1997 Chevrolet Model 3500 truck bearing VIN Number 1GBJC34R0VF017864

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*One (1) 1980 Chevrolet Model P30 truck bearing VIN Number CPM32A3300100 Sealed Bids will be received until 6:00 p.m., July 8, 2010, at the Taylorsville Town Hall. All bids shall remain open and subject to acceptance for not less than thirty days after the bid opening. The terms of this offer of sale is cash or cash equivalent which shall be due and payable by the high bidder to the Town Clerk no later than 5:00 p.m. three days after award of any bid. The property will be sold "as is" without any express or implied warranty and the town will convey only such ownership rights as it might possess. The Town reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to waive informalities in the same. All bids shall be sealed and must be filed with the Clerk of the Board no later than 6 p.m. on the date of the bid opening and shall be plainly marked on the outside "Bid for Surplus Personal Property Sale," Each bid shall separately identify the item and price offered for each item any bidder might choose to bid upon. Bidders may elect to make offers for each item and submit the same in one sealed bid All offered property may be envelope. inspected by appointment during normal

business hours. This the 3rd day of June, 2010.

/s/Mitzi Ford TOWN CLERK

(3154) June 16, 23

LEGAL NOTICE

To JENNIFER THORNTON: You are summoned to appear before the Mississippi Board of Nursing on July 21, 2010 at 8:30 a.m. to answer charges brought against you, The hearing will be held in the hearing room at the office of the Mississippi Board of Nursing, which is located at 1080 River Oaks Drive, Suite A-100, Flowood, Mississippi. Failure to appear may result in the revocation of your nursing license.

Signed:Melinda E. Rush, DSN, FNP Executive Director Mississippi Board of Nursing

Sharon B. Frazier Paralegal to Brett B. Thompson, Esq. MS Board of Nursing 1080 River Oaks Drive, Suite A-100 Flowood, MS 39232

Phone: 601-664-9327 Fax: 601-664-9305 run North 42 de onds East 210.18 beginning. Said more or less, 4 Northwest Qua Quarter of Secti Range 6 East, 5n I will convey

in me as Trustee.
WITNESS M
9th day of June,

/s/ W. Stewart Ro

Smith County Re ROBISON & HO

(3152) Publish: June 16,

WHEREAS America, acting to States Departme owner and holds estate deed(s) of it ness therein mentireal estate herein Smith County, M trust being duly the Chancery Cle and State:

GRANTORS - V wife, Georgia C Craft

DATE EXECUT TRUST DEED B GRANTORS - G Wydell Craft

Wydell Craft
DATE EXECUT
TRUST DEED B
The indebtednes

The indebtednet Trust dated Septer ed by William I Georgia C. Middle the indebtedness Trust dated Octob by Georgia C. Mi was assumed by V Natasha T. Midd Agreement dated

WHEREAS, de payment of the i said deed(s) of tru of America, as Be and instructed me foreclose said deei ment and sale at dance with the stat therefor.

THEREFORE, n pursuant to the po said deed(s) of trus the statutes made a said deed(s) of trus the property cove inafter described w The State of Mississippi, County of Smith

PERSONALLY CAME before me, the undersigned a Notary Public in and for SMITH COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI the OFFICE CLERK of the SMITH COUNTY REFORMER, a newspaper published in the Town of Raleigh, Smith County, in said State, who being duly sworn, deposes and says that the SMITH COUNTY REFORMER is a newspaper as defined and prescribed in §13-3-31 of the Mississippi Code 1972 Annotated and that the publication of a notice, of which the annexed is a copy, in the matter of

2009 annial &	Winking
Water Qualify	Roport
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has been made in said paper consecutively, to-wit:	times
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2009 ANNUAL DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT TRAXLER WATER ASSOCIATION PWS# 0650012 - June 2010

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water a ervices we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want y o understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed nastring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Cockfield Formation Aquifer.

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Consuminant Level Gool (MCLG) - The "Gool" (MCLG) is the level of a equantitized in drinking water below which there is no known or margin of safety.

m Residual Distiferant Level (MRDL). The highest level of a dislatection algored in dricking water. There is o of microbial explanations.

usterium Retishad Districtum Level Goal [MRDLG] - The level of a drinking water districtuan below which there is no known of expected 11sk of health, MRDL benefits of the use of districtedness to control microbial contaminant.

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PWS ID#	0650012			TEST	RESULTS	5 (10.52)		
Contaminant Violation Y/N		Date Collected	Level Detected	Stange of Detects of a of Samples Exceeding MCI/ACL	Unit Measurement	MÇLG	MCL	Likely Source of Centamination
Inorganic Co	onteminante		DW YV	73 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	\$18,780 2.30	16000	18 30 20	A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR O
8. Arsenic	N	2006*	,5	No Range	ppb	NVA	50	Erosion of nat. dep.; runoff from orchards, runoff from glass & electronics prod. wastes.
10. Barium	N	20061	2	No Bange	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal retineries; erosion of nat. dep.
12. Cadmium	N	2006*	219	No Range	ppb	5	5	Corrosion of galvanized pipes; erosion of nat.dep.; discharge from metal ref.; runot from waste batteries & paints.
13. Chromium	N	2006*	1.6	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of net, dep.
14. Copper	N	2008'	,3	0,	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of househole plumbing systems; erosion of nat. dep leaching from wood pre.
17. Léad	N	2008*	6	0	ppb	0	AL¤15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, srosion of nat. dep.
21. Selenium	N	2006*	2.5	No Range	ррб	50	50	Discharge from petroleum & metal refineries erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
Disinfection	By-Produc	ts	PLOVE I			THE STATE		
81. HAA5	N I	2009	20	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM (Total trihalomethanes)	N	2009	75	No Range	ppi	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	4 N	2009	1.9	3-1.9	ppm	0	MDRL=	4 Water additive used to control microbes.

Most recent sample, We sample required to 2000.

So you can see by the table, our system had no contaminant violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State Soquirement, We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however, the EPA has determined that your writer IS AFER II there beyer.

e are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether no our drinking water meets health standards, During April 2010 we did not monitor for chloring residuals as required by the Stage I Dissinfication produced Rule. We did complete the monitoring requirements for placetrological sumpling that showed no colliforn present. In an effort to ensure stems complete all monitoring requirements. MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of leag can cause scrious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children, Lead in drinking water is pri-marily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is tesponishle for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been for several home, you can minimize the potential for fleed exposure by habiting your tep for 50 seconds as 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you party wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, itselfing methods, and sleep you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Holing, or a the phydrowneyagers/anfowster/flead. The Mississippi Sate Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.578.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

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e Traxler Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our nees, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

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